

welcome to the unit on practical grammar

for today the module is on parts of  
speech.

in this module we are going to outline  
on the introduction to parts of speech  
different parts of speech parts of  
speech their function

and usage

at the end of this module the

learners will be able to

understand the basic structure of

language identify the various parts of  
speech and

learn their function and usage

so let's begin with what are parts of  
speech

we use various words to express

ourselves

in any language and the

words we used in a language are called

as

speech but all the words which we use in

the language

do not do the same job so

based on the job what a word does

in a sentence in our speech is

classified into different categories

to what we call as the parts of speech  
there are eight parts of speech verb, noun,  
pronoun, adjective, adverb, preposition,  
conjunction, interjection, so let's know  
little more about them.

beginning with the first part of speech

verb

verbs are the action words that is the  
words which denote some sort of  
work or some action which has taken  
place

are called as the verbs

like play run think read

jump draw etc. on the other hand we also  
have words

which help us in framing the sentences

and

do tell us that whether the action has  
taken place

in the present past or future to these  
words we are

we call them as the linking words

these words help to frame sentences like

is, were, have, am, was, etc verbs are the

most important part of speech

and no sentence can be formed without

verbs so even the smallest and the basic sentence will contain a verb like for example talk by saying a word talk you mean to give a direction that someone can start talking verbs definitely have tenses which tell whether the action has taken place in the past, present or future our next part of speech is nouns nouns are the naming words and they name person place animal or thing like a boy a hospital tiger or a table now next part of speech that is the third part of speech is pronoun the words which are used in place of nouns are called as pronouns like he she they I them and many others pronouns are classified into personal indefinite interrogative demonstrative and reflexive pronouns now both the parts of speech nouns and pronouns do form the subject in the sentence in the sense

that whenever a sentence is formed or a  
framed

it talks about something or someone  
and they are the nouns or the pronouns  
the fourth part of speech is adjective  
adjectives are the words which basically  
describe

the nouns now these are the describing  
words which describe the quality of a  
noun

or a pronoun so if i say

a tall boy i mean to describe the  
quality of the boy

that is he is tall if i say

a black shirt i am describing the color  
of the shirt which is

black in color so it describes the quality  
of the

shirt the fifth part of speech is

adverb adverbs are again the describing  
words

but adverbs describe the verbs

that is the action has taken place but

how the action has taken place

when it has taken place where it has

taken place and to what degree it has

taken place

so adverb is a word which basically  
modifies  
or describes a verb adjective or another  
adverb that is he walks slowly so it is  
telling how he walks he walks  
slowly the tea is very hot so to what  
degree the tea is hot the tea  
is very hot the day is too good  
the how good the day is the day is too  
good our next  
part of speech is the prepositions the  
prepositions  
are basically the position words  
they define the position of one  
noun in relation to the another  
noun for example the book is lying on  
the  
table now it is telling the relationship  
of the book  
with reference to the table so where the  
book is lying it's lying on the table  
it can be lying under the table or it  
can be  
inside the table so the word on in  
under are the prepositions  
a preposition is used usually followed  
by a noun or

pronoun there are prepositions which are  
used to talk about time

like on in until during before

since and particularly with time with

reference to time we use

these prepositions some of the common

prepositions which are used

are about before above behind from

through throughout the list is endless

the seventh part of speech is

conjunctions

conjunctions are the joining words

these are the words which help to join

or connect

two words or sentences or phrases

and by using conjunctions we can join

the words or the sentences for example

and but so because these are used for

giving the reasons

or giving explanations there are

conjunctions which are also used

to define time they tell us when

something has happened and hence they

are called as the conjunctions of time

like before after as when while

until since

our last part of speech is interjection

interjections are the words which express the feelings the strong and sudden feelings like surprise pain or pleasure and these are the specific words like hooray cheers alas Fie wow well done all the interjection words are followed by the exclamatory mark there can be a single word which can express a sudden surprise or a certain feeling there can be a full sentence like what a fine day which is expressing a feeling of joy or happiness so these are the eight parts of speech and when we apply them to a sentence or if we have to identify them in a sentence this is how we can done in a sentence given here wow riya sang a melodious song while her sister danced energetically on the stage so in this sentence wow is interjection rhea is noun

verb is noun sorry sang is verb

melodious is adjective

while is conjunction energetically is

adverb it is describing the quality of

the

dance honest preposition and her is

pronounced here are some references

you can refer these books for further

details

thank you