Quadrant IV – Assessment (Module –wise)

Programme: Bachelor of Commerce

Subject: Business Management

Paper Code: COD119

Paper Title: (DSE 5) Financial Management II

Unit: Unit II- Cost of Capital & Its Measurement

Module Name: Cost of Debt & Preference Capital

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Give the full form of the following abbreviations:

- 1. RV
- 2. MV
- 3. NP

For each of the following, choose the most appropriate answer from the given options.

- 1. Debentures carry a
 - a. Fixed rate of interest
 - b. Fixed rate of dividend
 - c. Rate of interest varies.
- 2. Debentures and Preference shares can be issued at
 - a. At a premium
 - b. At a discount
 - c. Both of the above
- 3. Interest or dividend is calculated on
 - a. Face value
 - b. Amount obtained after adjusting for premium or discount
 - c. None of the above

Short Answer – I (short notes - say 20 to 50 words)

- 1. Write a short note on debentures as a source of finance.
- 2. Enumerate the features of Preference share capital.

Short Answer – II (extended – say 50 to 100 words) NIL

Match the columns.

Sr.	Column A		Column B
no			
1	debt	а	Dividend
2	Preference shares	b	Preference shares
3	Priority over equity share holders	С	Debentures
4	Compulsory payment of interest	d	Perpetual debt
5	Irredeemable debt	е	Creditors of company

Numerical/Problems to Solve

1. COST OF DEBT

a. Cost of perpetual/irredeemable debt

- 1. X ltd issues Rs. 50000 8% debentures at par. Tax rate is 50%. Compute the cost of debt capital.
- 2. Y ltd issues Rs. 50000 8% debentures at 10% premium. Tax rate is 60%. Compute the cost of debt capital.
- 3. B ltd issues Rs. 1,00,000 9% debentures at 10% premium. The cost of floatation is 2%. Tax rate is 60%. Compute the cost of debt capital.

b. Cost of redeemable debt

- a company issues Rs. 10,00,000 10% redeemable debentures at a discount of 5%. The cost of floatation is Rs. 30000. The debentures are redeemable after 5 years. Calculate before tax and after tax cost of debt assuming a tax rate of 50%.
- A 5 year Rs. 100 debenture of firm can be sold for a net price of Rs. 96.50. the coupon rate of interest is 14% and the debenture will be redeemed at 5% premium on maturity. The firm's tax rate is 40%. Compute the after tax cost of debenture.
- Assuming that a firm pays tax at 50% rate, compute the after tax cost of debt capital in the following case: A 10 year, 8% Rs. 1000 per bond sold at Rs. 950 less 4% underwriting commission.

4. A company issues 15% debentures of Rs. 1000 face value to be redeemed after 10 years. The debenture is expected to be sold at 5% discount. It will also involve a floatation cost of 5%. The company's tax rate is 50%. What would the cost of debt be?

2. COST OF PREFERENCE CAPITAL

a. Cost of irredeemable preference shares

- 1. A company issues 10000 10% preference shares of Rs. 100 each. Cost of issue is Rs. 2 per share. Calculate the cost of preference share capital if these shares are issued (a) at par, (b) at 10% premium (c) at 5% discount.
- 2. A company issues 14% irredeemable preference shares of the face value of Rs. 100 each, floatation cost is 5%. What is the cost of preference shares if they are issued at
 - 1. Par
 - 2. 10% premium
 - 3. 5% discount

b. Cost of redeemable preference shares

1. A company issues 10000 10% preference shares of Rs. 100 each redeemable after 10 years at a premium of 5%. Cost of issue is Rs. 2 per share. Calculate the cost of preference share capital.

Self-reflection

what happens to the Cost of Debentures or Preference Shares when they are sold at a premium or at a discount? Does it increase or decrease as compared to the coupon rate of interest or dividend?

Create something new (higher order cognition)
NIL