Quadrant II - Notes

Course Code: COD132

Module Name: Tax Planning with respect to Make or Buy Decision Practical

Problem

- **Q.1)** A company requires 20,000 units of a component every year for next five years. The component can either be manufactured by the company in its factory or be purchased from the market, From the following information suggest to the company whether it should make the component or buy it from the market.
 - a) Material cost per unit ₹ 4
 - b) Labour cost per unit ₹6
 - c) Variable overhead cost per unit ₹ 2
 - d) If the company manufacturers the part, it has to purchase a machine by taking a loan from the bank. The present value of net cash outflow in this regard in five years will be ₹ 1,00,000.

The component is available in the market at ₹ 12.50 per unit and ₹ 14 per unit

Solution: -

Determination whether the company should manufacture the component or buy it

Particulars	Units	Cost Per Unit	Amount
Material	20000	4	80000
Labour	20000	6	120000
Variable Cost	20000	2	40000
PV of cash outflow for the year			20000

Total Cost for 20000 units 260000

Cost per unit (260000/20000)

12.5

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a) Market Price per unit

The component should be purchased from the market

b) Market Price per unit

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The component should be Manufactured

Q.2) A company requires a component. From the following information suggest to the company whether it should make the component or buy it from the market:

A) Making the component:

- i) A new machine will be purchased for ₹ 10,00,000. After five years it will be sold for ₹ 2,00,000. If there is any loss on sale of machine, it will be set-off against any other short-term capital gain.
- ii) Rate of depreciation 15%
- iii) Manufacturing cost of component:

Year	Amount
I	14,00,000
II	16,00,000
III	18,00,000
IV	20,00,000
V	24,00,000

iv) Rate of Tax 30%

B) Buying the component:

Year	Cost	
I	20,00,000	
II	22,00,000	
III	24,00,000	
IV	26,00,000	
V	30,00,000	

Solution: -

A) Making the component Computation of Depreciation

Year	Cost	Dep (15%)	WDV
1	10,00,000	1,50,000	8,50,000
2	8,50,000	1,27,500	7,22,500
3	7,22,500	1,08,375	6,14,125
4	6,14,125	92,119	5,22,006
5	5,22,006	78,301	4,43,705

Short-term capital loss = WDV – Selling Price = 4,43,705 - 2,00,000= Rs. 2,43,705

Computation of Cost Component

Year(1)	Manufacturing Cost (2)	Dep (3)	Total Cost (4)	Tax Savings (5)	Net Cost (2-5)
0	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	10,00,000
1	14,00,000	1,50,000	15,50,000	4,65,000	9,35,000
2	16,00,000	1,27,500	17,27,500	5,18,250	10,81,750
3	18,00,000	1,08,375	19,08,375	5,72,513	12,27,488
4	20,00,000	92,119	20,92,119	6,27,636	13,72,364
5	24,00,000	78,301	24,78,301	7,43,490	16,56,510
Total				72,73,112	
Less: Sale of Machine				-200000	
Gross Cost			70,73,112		
Less:- Tax savings on Dep (STCL * Tax rate) (2,43,705*30/100)				-73112	
Net Cost to Make the component			70,00,000		

BUYING THE COMPNENT

Year	Cost of Purchase	Tax Savings @30%	Net Cost
1	20,00,000	6,00,000	14,00,000
2	22,00,000	6,60,000	15,40,000
3	24,00,000	7,20,000	16,80,000
4	26,00,000	7,80,000	18,20,000
5	30,00,000	9,00,000	21,00,000
	Net Cost of Buyi	85,40,000	

Suggestion: -

In case of Making the component the cost is Rs. 70,00,000 and in case of buying the component the cost is Rs. 85,40,000. Hence, the component should be manufactured.